

# Topology Qualifying exam, Fall 2006

You have three hours to answer these questions. No notes or books are allowed. All the best.

1. Construct a 2 dimensional connected CW complex  $X$  with one 0-cell and one 2-cell, whose fundamental group has the presentation:

$$\pi_1(X) = \langle a, b, c \mid abca = cb \rangle$$

You may express  $X$  as the identification space of a polygon.

2. Give an example of a space  $X$  such that  $H^i(X, \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $0 \leq i \leq \infty$ , and such that the cohomology ring  $H^*(X, \mathbb{Z})$  is finitely generated.
3. How many connected covering spaces does  $\mathbb{R}P^3 \times \mathbb{R}P^7$  have? Can you identify any of them?
4. Assume that  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  can be covered by  $k$  contractible closed subsets. Prove that  $k > n$ .  
Hint: Use the mod 2 cohomology ring structure of  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  and the fact that the degree 1 generator restricts to zero on any contractible subset.
5. Let  $M$  be a  $2n$  dimensional compact manifold without boundary. Show that

$$\dim H^n(M, \mathbb{Z}/2) = \chi(M) \bmod 2$$

where  $\chi(M)$  denotes the Euler characteristic of  $M$ .

6. Let  $k$  be an even integer, and let  $n$  be any arbitrary positive integer, show that there is a map  $\varphi : S^{2n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^{2n+1}$  of degree  $k$ . Show that there is no map from  $S^{2n+1}$  to  $\mathbb{R}P^{2n+1}$  of odd degree.
7. Let  $M$  be a 4-dimensional compact, connected, simply connected manifold without boundary such that  $\chi(M) = k$ . Assuming  $M$  is orientable, calculate  $H_i(M, \mathbb{Z})$  for  $0 \leq i \leq 4$ .
8. Let  $X$  be a connected space, show that the suspension of  $X$ ,  $\Sigma X$  is simply connected. Can we drop the connectedness assumption?